REGIONAL SEMINAR
Peri-operative complications in anaesthesia – prevention and cure

Thursday 18 October 2018
Organisers: Dr Jane Sturgess, West Suffolk Hospital & Dr Kamen Valchanov, Papworth Hospital
Location: Double Tree Hilton Bristol, Redcliffe Way, Bristol, BS1 6NJ

Programme

08:30   Registration & coffee
09:20   Introduction
         Dr Jane Sturgess, West Suffolk Hospital
09:30   Obesity  
         Domains 1 & 2, 2A03, 2A07
         Dr Chris Bouch, Leicester
10:20   Tea & coffee
10:50   Complications in regional anaesthesia  
         Domains 1 & 2, 2A08, 3A09
         Dr Mike Coupe, Bath
11:40   Mastering your risk  
         Domains 2, 3 & 4, 1I01, 1I03, 1I05
         Dr Katherine Grant, Medicolegal Advisor, Medical Protection Society
12:30   Lunch
13:30   Complications related to transfusion practices  
         Domains 1 & 2, 2A05, 2A06
         Dr Rhys Thomas, Carmarthen
14:20   Obstetric complications  
         Domains 1 & 2, 2B04, 2B05
         Dr Aditi Modi, West Suffolk Hospital
15:10   Tea & coffee
15:40   Complications related to application of research data interpretation & misinterpretation  
         Domains 1, 2 & 4, 1G02
         Dr Jon Carlisle, Torbay
16:30   Summary & close of meeting
         Dr Kamen Vachanov, Papworth Hospital

Domain 1: Knowledge, skills & performance
Domain 2: Safety & quality
Domain 3: Communication, partnership & teamwork
Domain 4: Maintaining trust

Learning objectives:
1. To learn about the variety of peri-operative complications encountered in anaesthetic practice from a clinical and non-clinical viewpoint.
2. A practical approach to the problems that arise from peri-operative complications in anaesthesia in the light of latest evidence.
3. The incidence, management and prevention of both serious complications (i.e. can’t intubate) and frequently occurring complications (regional anaesthesia, obstetrics).

4. The increasing proportion of obese patients and their associated peri-operative risks.

5. How to handle the medico-legal aspects of peri-operative complications before they have occurred, including the importance of considering human factors in anaesthetic practice.